

 **BD Rhapsody™ System**  
Mouse TCR/BCR Full Length,  
Targeted mRNA, and Sample Tag  
Library Preparation Protocol

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## Regulatory information

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## History

Revision	Date	Change made
23-24361(01)	2022-12	Initial release.

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## Introduction

This protocol enables high-throughput single-cell transcriptome analysis alongside TCR and BCR profiling of individual cells captured on the BD Rhapsody™ system, providing instructions for amplifying Illumina-compatible single-cell barcoded mRNA, TCR, and BCR libraries. The addition of a sample-tag library enables demultiplexing of samples that were pooled before capture on the BD Rhapsody™ system.

After staining of cell with AbSeq and Sample Tag antibodies and partitioning and lysis of cells, cDNA is encoded on BD Rhapsody™ Enhanced Cell Capture beads using both the 3' and 5' ends of transcripts as templates. mRNA, TCR, and BCR libraries are then amplified from these on-bead cDNA libraries using a two-step nested amplification, with TCR and BCR libraries undergoing additional random priming to capture complementarity determining regions (CDR) 1, 2, and 3, as well as framework regions (FR) 1-4. Sample Tag libraries are amplified from the small products recovered after cleanup of larger mRNA, TCR, and BCR PCR1 products.

## Required and recommended materials for cDNA synthesis and library preparation

### Required reagents

Store the reagents at the storage temperature specified on the label.

Material	Supplier	Catalog no.
BD Rhapsody™ cDNA Kit <sup>a</sup>	BD Biosciences	633773
BD Rhapsody™ Targeted mRNA and AbSeq Amplification Kit <sup>a</sup>	BD Biosciences	633774
BD Rhapsody™ Mouse TCR/BCR Amplification Kit <sup>a</sup>	BD Biosciences	666282
BD Rhapsody™ Mouse Immune Response Panel <sup>a</sup>	BD Biosciences	633753
Agencourt® AMPure® XP magnetic beads	Beckman Coulter	A63880
100% ethyl alcohol	Major supplier	–
Nuclease-free water	Major supplier	–
a. For processing more than four libraries, two orders of this catalog number are required.		
Refer to the Technical Bulletin <i>Ordering Additional Indexes for the BD Rhapsody™ Library Reagent Kits</i> to order additional indexing primers for high throughput library preparation workflows.		

### Recommended consumables

Material	Supplier	Catalog no.
Pipettes (P10, P20, P200, P1000)	Major supplier	–
Low-retention, filtered pipette tips	Major supplier	–
0.2-mL PCR 8-strip tubes	Major supplier	–

Material	Supplier	Catalog no.
Axygen™ 96-Well PCR Microplates <sup>a</sup>	Corning	PCR96HSC
Or, MicroAmp Optical 96-Reaction Plate <sup>a</sup>	Thermo Fisher Scientific	N8010560
MicroAmp Clear Adhesive Film <sup>a</sup>	Thermo Fisher Scientific	4306311
15-mL conical tube	Major supplier	–
DNA LoBind® Tubes, 1.5 mL	Eppendorf	0030108051
DNA LoBind® Tubes, 5.0 mL	Eppendorf	0030108310
Qubit™ Assay Tubes	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Q32856
Qubit™ dsDNA HS Assay Kit	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Q32851
Agilent High Sensitivity DNA Kit	Agilent	5067-4626
Or, Agilent High Sensitivity D1000 ScreenTape	Agilent	5067-5584
Agilent High Sensitivity D1000 Reagents	Agilent	5067-5585
Or, Agilent High Sensitivity D5000 ScreenTape	Agilent	5067-5592
Agilent High Sensitivity D5000 Reagents	Agilent	5067-5593
a. Recommended for processing high throughput library preparation workflows.		

## Equipment

Material	Supplier	Catalog no.
Microcentrifuge for 1.5–2.0-mL tubes	Major supplier	–
Microcentrifuge for 0.2-mL tubes	Major supplier	–
Vortexer	Major supplier	–
Digital timer	Major supplier	–
Eppendorf ThermoMixer® C	Eppendorf	5382000023
6-tube magnetic separation rack for 1.5-mL tubes	New England Biolabs	S1506S
Or, *12-tube magnetic separation rack	New England Biolabs	S1509S
Or, *Invitrogen™ DynaMag™-2 magnet	Thermo Fisher Scientific	12321D
Low-profile magnetic separation stand for 0.2 mL, 8-strip tubes	V&P Scientific, Inc.	VP772F4-1
**Magnetic Stand–96	Thermo Fisher Scientific	AM10027

Material	Supplier	Catalog no.
Qubit™ 3.0 Fluorometer	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Q33216
Agilent® 2100 Bioanalyzer	Agilent Technologies	G2940CAG
Or, Agilent® 4200 TapeStation System	Agilent Technologies	G2991AA
Heat block	Major supplier	–
*Recommended for processing greater than six samples. **Recommended for processing high throughput library preparation workflows.		

### Best practices

- Use low-retention filtered pipette tips.
- When working with BD Rhapsody™ Enhanced Cell Capture Beads, use low-retention filtered tips and LoBind® Tubes.  
  
**Never vortex the beads. Pipet-mix only.**
- Bring Agencourt AMPure XP magnetic beads to room temperature (15–25 °C) before use. See the *AMPure XP User's Guide* for information.
- Remove supernatants without disturbing AMPure XP magnetic beads.

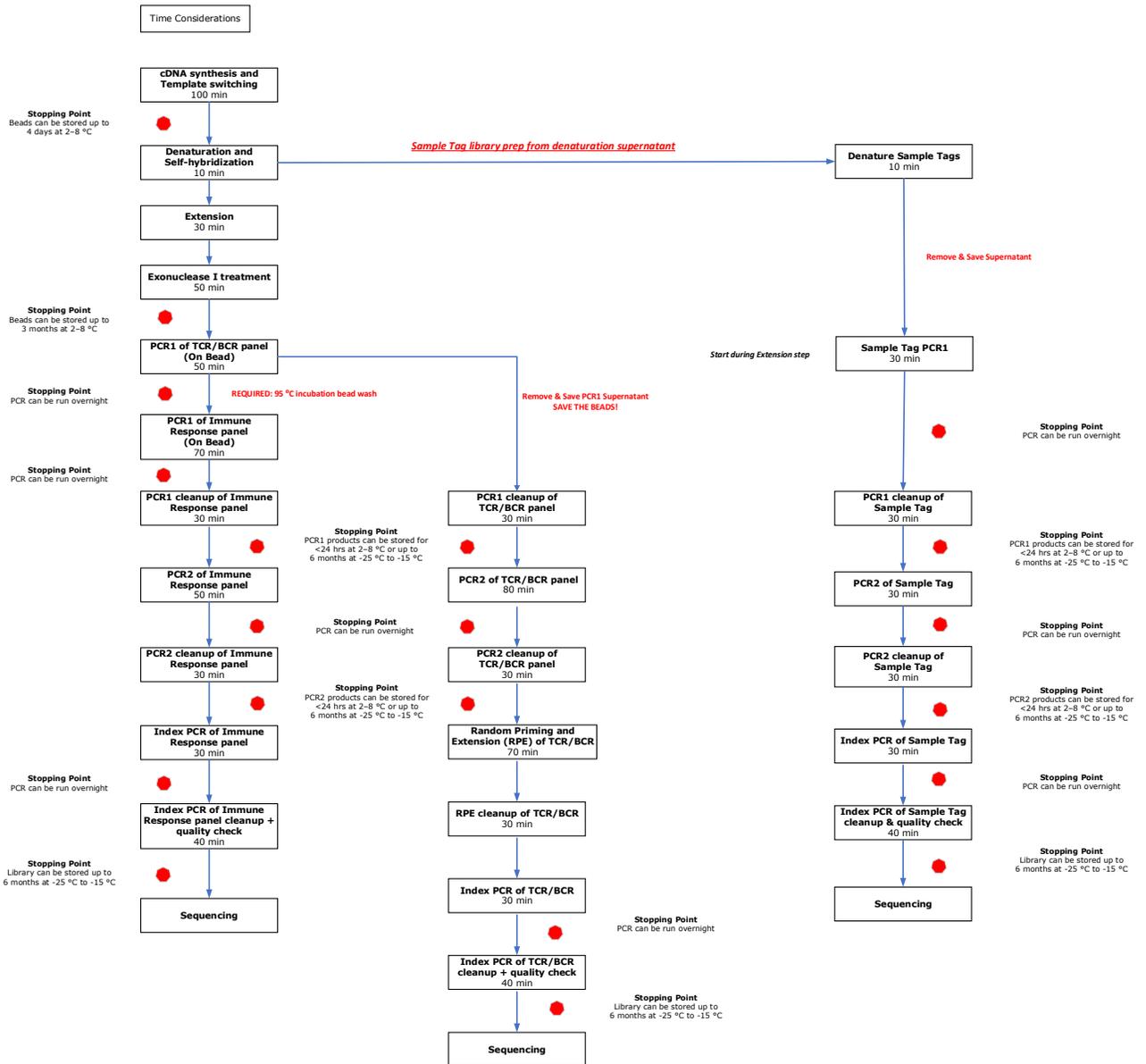
### Additional documentation

- *BD Rhapsody™ Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide*
- *BD Rhapsody™ Express Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide*

### Safety information

For safety information, see the *BD Rhapsody™ Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide* or the *BD Rhapsody™ Express Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide*.

## Time considerations



## Procedure

Perform the experiment on the BD Rhapsody™ Single-Cell Analysis system following either the:

- *BD Rhapsody™ Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide*

STOP after the section “Washing the Cell Capture Beads” and follow this protocol from **Preparing BD Rhapsody™ Enhanced Cell Capture Beads for TCR/BCR full length library amplification** and subsequent steps.

or

- *BD Rhapsody™ Express Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide*

STOP after the section “Washing the Cell Capture Beads” and follow this protocol from **Preparing BD Rhapsody™ Enhanced Cell Capture Beads for TCR/BCR full length library amplification** and subsequent steps.

Ensure that the intended total cell load is between 7,500–20,000 single cells for this protocol. Cell load below or above this recommended range may not be suitable for current protocol configuration. Then proceed as described in the following procedure.

## Preparing BD Rhapsody™ Enhanced Cell Capture Beads for TCR and BCR full length library amplification

### cDNA synthesis and template switching

Thaw reagents (except for the enzymes) in the BD Rhapsody™ cDNA Kit at room temperature. Keep enzymes at –25 °C to –15 °C.

**Note:** This section should be performed in the pre-amplification workspace.

- 1 Set a thermomixer to 42 °C.
- 2 In a new 1.5-mL LoBind® tube, pipet the following reagents.

#### cDNA/template switching mix

Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
RT Buffer	40	48	192	384
dNTP	20	24	96	192
RT 0.1 M DTT	10	12	48	96
Bead RT/PCR Enhancer	12	14.4	57.6	115.2
RNase Inhibitor	10	12	48	96
Reverse Transcriptase	10	12	48	96
Nuclease-free water	98	117.6	470.4	940.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>960</b>	<b>1920</b>

- 3 Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and place back on ice.

- 4 Place the tube of washed Enhanced Cell Capture Beads on a 1.5-mL tube magnet for  $\geq 2$  minutes. Discard the supernatant.
- 5 Remove the tube from the magnet and pipet 200  $\mu\text{L}$  of cDNA mix into the beads. Pipet-mix.

**Note:** Keep the prepared cDNA mix with beads on ice until the suspension is transferred in the next step.

- 6 Transfer the bead suspension to a new 1.5-mL LoBind® tube.
- 7 Incubate the bead suspension on the thermomixer at 1,200 rpm and 42 °C for 30 minutes.

**Shaking is critical for this incubation!**

- 8 While the bead suspension is still incubating at 1,200 rpm and 42 °C, in a new 1.5-mL LoBind® tube, pipet the following reagents.

**Note:** Prepare the TSO mix approximately within 2 minutes before the 30 minutes incubation at 42 °C is finished.

USE IMMEDIATELY!

#### TSO mix

Component	For 1 library ( $\mu\text{L}$ )	For 1 library with 20% overage ( $\mu\text{L}$ )	For 4 libraries with 20% overage ( $\mu\text{L}$ )	For 8 libraries with 20% overage ( $\mu\text{L}$ )
TSO	6	7.2	28.8	57.6
1M $\text{MgCl}_2$	2	2.4	9.6	19.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9.6</b>	<b>38.4</b>	<b>76.8</b>

- 9 Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and keep on ice.
- 10 Add 8  $\mu\text{L}$  of TSO mix to the reaction, gently pipet-mix, and incubate on the thermomixer for another 30 minutes at 1,200 rpm and 42 °C.

**STOPPING POINT:** BD Rhapsody™ Enhanced Cell Capture Beads can be stored up to 7 days at 2–8 °C after template switching.

If stopping after template switching:

- Place the bead suspension on the 1.5-mL tube magnet until the solution is clear ( $\leq 1$  minute).
  - Carefully remove and appropriately discard the supernatant without disturbing the beads and while leaving the tube on the magnet.
  - Remove the tube from the magnet, and with a low-retention tip, pipet 75  $\mu\text{L}$  Elution Buffer to gently resuspend the beads. Do not vortex.
  - Store the beads at 2–8 °C for up to 7 days.
- 11 If using the *BD Rhapsody™ Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide*, view the BD Rhapsody™ scanner image analysis to see if the analysis metrics passed.

### Denaturation and self-hybridization

Thaw the Hybridization Buffer and reagents for TCR/BCR Extension at room temperature. Keep TCR/BCR Extension enzyme at –25 °C to –15 °C.

- 1 Set a thermomixer to 25 °C, and a heat block to 95 °C.

**Note:** If the BD Rhapsody™ Enhanced Cell Capture Beads were stored after template switching, briefly centrifuge and proceed to **step 4**.

- 2 Place the tube of Enhanced Cell Capture Beads with cDNA mix on a 1.5-mL tube magnet for  $\leq 1$  minute. Discard the supernatant.
- 3 Remove the tube from the magnet and pipet 75  $\mu\text{L}$  of Elution Buffer into the tube. Pipet-mix.
- 4 To denature, incubate the tube in the following order:
  - a Ensure that the beads are resuspended. Pipet-mix to resuspend, if needed.
  - b Incubate the sample at 95 °C in a heat block for 5 minutes. Immediately after the completion of the 95 °C incubation, slightly open the lid of the tube to release air pressure within the tube.
- 5 Briefly centrifuge the tube, then immediately place the tube on a 1.5-mL magnet for  $\leq 30$  seconds until clear. **Keep the supernatant.** Remove the supernatant and transfer to a new 1.5-mL LoBind® tube. This contains the ST supernatant products. To minimize ST contamination in the TCR/BCR and Targeted mRNA libraries, ensure that all liquid is removed from the tube. Keep the supernatant tube at 4 °C until ready to proceed to [Performing Sample Tag PCR1 on page 13](#).
- 6 Resuspend the beads in 1.0 mL of Hybridization Buffer.
- 7 Incubate the bead suspension on the thermomixer at 1,200 rpm and 25 °C for 2 minutes.
- 8 Briefly centrifuge after 25 °C incubation. Be careful when opening the tube lid. If there are droplets on the lid, use a P10 to transfer the volume into the supernatant.

## TCR/BCR extension

- 1 Set a thermomixer to 37 °C.
- 2 Ensure all reagents other than the TCR/BCR Extension enzyme are at room temperature.
- 3 In a new 1.5-mL LoBind® tube, pipet the following reagents.

### TCR/BCR extension mix

Component	For 1 library ( $\mu\text{L}$ )	For 1 library with 20% overage ( $\mu\text{L}$ )	For 4 libraries with 20% overage ( $\mu\text{L}$ )	For 8 libraries with 20% overage ( $\mu\text{L}$ )
TCR/BCR Extension Buffer	20	24	96	192
dNTP	20	24	96	192
TCR/BCR Extension Enzyme	10	12	48	96
Nuclease-free water	150	180	720	1440
<b>Total</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>960</b>	<b>1920</b>

- 4 Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and keep at room temperature.
- 5 Briefly spin the tube with the bead suspension.
- 6 Place the tube of Enhanced Cell Capture Beads on a 1.5-mL tube magnet for  $\leq 1$  minutes. Discard the supernatant.
- 7 Remove the tubes from magnet and resuspend using 200  $\mu\text{L}$  of TCR/BCR extension mix. Pipet-mix.
- 8 Incubate the bead suspension on a thermomixer at 1,200 rpm and 37 °C for 30 minutes.

**Note:** During Extension incubation, begin Sample Tag PCR1. See [Performing Sample Tag PCR1 on page 13](#). You can leave the Sample Tag PCR1 reaction in the thermocycler when complete. TCR/BCR PCR1 will be

performed after Exonuclease I treatment. All PCR1 product purification (TCR/BCR, Targeted mRNA, and Sample Tag) can be done at the same time.

- Briefly spin the tube with the beads suspension and place the tube on ice.

## Treating the sample with Exonuclease I

Thaw reagents for Exonuclease I treatment at room temperature. Keep Exonuclease I enzyme at  $-25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $-15\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

- Set one thermomixer to  $37\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and a heat block to  $80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- In a new 1.5-mL LoBind® tube, pipet the following reagents.

### Exonuclease I mix

Kit component	For 1 library (μL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (μL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (μL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (μL)
10X Exonuclease I Buffer	20	24	96	192
Exonuclease I	10	12	48	96
Nuclease-free water	170	204	816	1632
<b>Total</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>960</b>	<b>1920</b>

- Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and keep at room temperature.
- Place the tube of Enhanced Cell Capture Beads with TCR/BCR Extension mix on a 1.5-mL tube magnet for  $\leq 1$  minute. Discard the supernatant.
- Remove the tube from the magnet and pipet 200 μL Exonuclease I mix into the tube. Pipet-mix.
- Incubate the bead suspension on thermomixer at 1,200 rpm and  $37\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  for 30 minutes.
- Incubate the bead suspension in the heat block at  $80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  for 20 minutes.
- Place the tube on ice for  $\sim 1$  minute.
- Briefly spin the tube with the bead suspension.
- Place the tube on the magnet for  $\leq 1$  minute until clear. Discard the supernatant.
- Remove the tube from the magnet and pipet 200 μL of cold Bead Resuspension Buffer into the tube. Pipet-mix.

**STOPPING POINT:** Exonuclease I-treated beads can be stored at  $2\text{--}8\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  for up to 3 months.

- Proceed to library preparation.

## TCR/BCR, Targeted mRNA, and Sample Tag library preparation

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### Before you begin

- Obtain Exonuclease I-treated BD Rhapsody™ Enhanced Cell Capture Beads.
- Thaw the reagents in the BD Rhapsody™ Targeted mRNA and AbSeq Amplification Kit and the BD Rhapsody™ Mouse TCR/BCR Amplification Kit at room temperature, and then place on ice.

## Performing Sample Tag PCR1

- 1 In the pre-amplification workspace, pipet the following reagents into a new 1.5-mL LoBind<sup>®</sup> tube.

### PCR1 reaction mix for Sample Tag

Component	For 1 library (μL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (μL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (μL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (μL)
PCR MasterMix	100	120	480	960
Universal Oligo	10	12	48	96
Sample Tag PCR1 primer	1	1.2	4.8	9.6
Nuclease-free water	22	26.4	105.6	211.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>159.6</b>	<b>638.4</b>	<b>1276.8</b>

- 2 Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and place back on ice.
- 3 In a new 1.5-mL tube, pipet 133 μL of the Sample Tag PCR1 reaction mix. Add 67 μL of the Sample Tag product from **step 5** in [Denaturation and self-hybridization on page 10](#). Pipet-mix 10 times. Do not vortex.
- 4 Pipet 50 μL Sample Tag PCR1 reaction mix into each of four 0.2-mL PCR tubes. Transfer any residual mix to one of the tubes.
- 5 Bring the reaction mix to the post-amplification workspace.
- 6 Program the thermal cycler.

### PCR1 conditions for Sample Tag

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time
Hot start	1	95 °C	3 min
Denaturation	10-11*	95 °C	30 s
Annealing		60 °C	30 s
Extension		72 °C	1 min
Final extension	1	72 °C	5 min
Hold	1	4 °C	∞

\*Suggested PCR cycles might need to be optimized for different cell types and cell number.

### Recommended number of PCR cycles

Number of cells in PCR1	Recommended PCR cycles for resting PBMCs
7,500 - 10,000	11
20,000	10

- 7 After PCR, briefly centrifuge the tubes.
- 8 Pipet-mix and combine the four reactions into a new 1.5-mL LoBind<sup>®</sup> tube, labeled Sample Tag PCR1. Keep the tube on ice.

## Performing TCR/BCR and Targeted mRNA PCR1

**Note:** PCR1 reactions for the TCR/BCR panel and Targeted mRNA panel are performed separately on the bead. TCR/BCR panel amplification is performed first, followed by Targeted mRNA panel amplification.

**Note:** Use the entire sample of beads. Sub-sampling beads is not recommended for TCR/BCR FL, Targeted mRNA, and Sample Tag combination assays.

- 1 In the pre-amplification workspace, pipet the following reagents into a new 1.5-mL LoBind® tube.

### PCR1 reaction mix TCR/BCR panel

Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
PCR MasterMix	100	120	480	960
TCR/BCR Universal Oligo N1	10	12	48	96
Bead RT/PCR Enhancer	12	14.4	57.6	115.2
*Mouse TCR N1 primer	2.4	2.88	11.52	23.04
*Mouse BCR N1 primer	2.4	2.88	11.52	23.04
Nuclease-free water	73.2	87.84	351.36	702.72
<b>Total</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>960</b>	<b>1920</b>
*If only doing TCR or BCR amplification, replace N1 primer volume with nuclease-free water. For example, if only doing TCR amplification, replace BCR N1 primer with nuclease-free water.				

### PCR1 reaction mix Targeted mRNA panel



Make this PCR1 reaction mix only if you intend on proceeding with Targeted mRNA PCR1 on the same day.

Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
PCR MasterMix	100	120	480	960
Universal Oligo	10	12	48	96
Bead RT/PCR Enhancer	12	14.4	57.6	115.2
*PCR1 targeted mRNA primer panel	40	48	192	384
Nuclease-free water	38	45.6	182.4	364.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>960</b>	<b>1920</b>
*From Mouse Immune Response Panel <b>Note:</b> Store on ice or at 4 °C while waiting for TCR/BCR PCR1 panel amplification to be completed.				

- 2 Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and place back on ice.
- 3 Briefly spin the tube with the bead suspension. Place the tube of Exonuclease I-treated beads in Bead Resuspension Buffer on a 1.5-mL magnet for ≤1 minute. Discard the supernatant.

- 4 Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the beads in 200  $\mu\text{L}$  of TCR/BCR Panel PCR1 reaction mix. Do not vortex.
- 5 Ensuring that the beads are fully resuspended, pipet 50  $\mu\text{L}$  of TCR/BCR PCR1 reaction mix with beads into each of four 0.2-mL PCR tubes. Transfer any residual mix to one of the tubes.
- 6 Bring the reaction mix to the post-amplification workspace.
- 7 Program the thermal cycler as follows.

#### PCR1 conditions for TCR and BCR panel

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time
Hot start	1	95 °C*	3 min
Denaturation	10-11**	95 °C	30 s
Annealing		60 °C	1 min
Extension		72 °C	1 min
Final extension	1	72 °C	5 min
Hold	1	4 °C	$\infty$

\*To avoid beads settling due to prolonged incubation time on the thermal cycler before the denaturation step, it is critical to pause the instrument at 95 °C before loading the samples. Different thermal cyclers might have different pause time settings. In certain brands of thermal cyclers, however, we have observed a step-skipping error with the pause/unpause functions. To ensure that the full 3-minute denaturation is not skipped, verify that the pause/unpause functions are working correctly on your thermal cycler. To avoid the step-skipping problem, a 1-minute 95 °C pause step can be added immediately before the 3-minute 95 °C denaturation step.

\*\*Suggested PCR cycles might need to be optimized for different cell types and cell number.

#### Suggested number of PCR cycles

Number of cells in PCR1	Recommended PCR cycles for resting PBMCs
7,500 - 10,000	11
20,000	10

- 8 Ramp the heated lid and heat block of the post-amplification thermal cycler to  $\geq 95$  °C by starting the thermal cycler program and then pausing it.
 

**Note:** Do not proceed to thermal cycling until each tube is gently mixed by pipette to ensure uniform bead suspension.
- 9 For each 0.2-mL PCR tube, gently pipet-mix, immediately place the tube in thermal cycler, and unpause the thermal cycler program.
 

**STOPPING POINT:** The PCR can run overnight, but proceed with purification within 24 hours after PCR.
- 10 After PCR, briefly centrifuge the tubes.
- 11 Put the tubes on a strip tube magnet for >30 sec. Remove and combine supernatant in a new 1.5-mL tube. **Save the supernatant for purification of TCR/BCR PCR1 products. Keep on ice.**
- 12 Keeping the tubes on the magnet, add 50  $\mu\text{L}$  of Elution Buffer. Pipet-mix. Incubate on the thermocycler at 95 °C for 1 minute. (Do not incubate for more than 1 minute.)
- 13 (Spin tubes briefly if necessary.) Immediately put the tubes on a strip tube magnet and discard supernatant.
- 14 Add 50  $\mu\text{L}$  of the Targeted mRNA panel PCR1 reaction mix to each tube.
- 15 Program the thermal cycler as follows.

**PCR1 conditions for Targeted mRNA panel**

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time
Hot start	1	95 °C*	3 min
Denaturation	10-11**	95 °C	30 s
Annealing		60 °C	3 min
Extension		72 °C	1 min
Final extension	1	72 °C	5 min
Hold	1	4 °C	∞

\*To avoid beads settling due to prolonged incubation time on the thermal cycler before the denaturation step, it is critical to pause the instrument at 95 °C before loading the samples. Different thermal cyclers might have different pause time settings. In certain brands of thermal cyclers, however, we have observed a step-skipping error with the pause/unpause functions. To ensure that the full 3-minute denaturation is not skipped, verify that the pause/unpause functions are working correctly on your thermal cycler. To avoid the step-skipping problem, a 1-minute 95 °C pause step can be added immediately before the 3-minute 95 °C denaturation step.

\*\*Suggested PCR cycles might need to be optimized for different cell types and cell number.

**Suggested number of PCR cycles**

Number of cells in PCR1	Recommended PCR cycles for resting PBMCs
7,500 - 10,000	11
20,000	10

- 16** Ramp the heated lid and heat block of the post-amplification thermal cycler to  $\geq 95$  °C by starting the thermal cycler program and then pausing it.

**Do not proceed to thermal cycling until each tube is gently mixed by pipette to ensure uniform bead suspension.**

- 17** For each 0.2-mL PCR tube, gently pipet-mix, immediately place the tube in thermal cycler, and unpause the thermal cycler program.

**STOPPING POINT:** The PCR can run overnight, but proceed with purification within 24 hours after PCR.

- 18** Pipet-mix and combine the four reactions into a new 1.5-mL LoBind® tube.
- 19** Place the 1.5-mL tube on the magnet for  $\leq 1$  minute. Retain the supernatant. Carefully pipet the supernatant (Targeted mRNA PCR1 products) into the new 1.5-mL LoBind® tube without disturbing the beads.

**Note:** (Optional) Remove the tube with the Enhanced Cell Capture Beads from the magnet and pipet 200  $\mu$ L of cold Bead Resuspension Buffer into the tube. Pipet-mix. Do not vortex. Store the beads at 2–8 °C in the post-amplification workspace.

**Purifying PCR1 products**

**Note:** Perform the purification in the post-amplification workspace.

- 1** In a new 5.0-mL LoBind® tube, prepare 5 mL of fresh 80% (v/v) ethyl alcohol by combining 4.0 mL absolute ethyl alcohol, molecular biology grade, with 1.0 mL nuclease-free water. Vortex the tube for 10 seconds to mix.

**Note:** Make fresh 80% ethyl alcohol and use it within 24 hours. The 80% ethyl alcohol volume should be adjusted depending on the number of libraries.

- 2 Bring AMPure XP beads to room temperature. Vortex on high speed for 1 minute until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 3 Briefly centrifuge PCR1 products.
- 4 To PCR1 products, pipet:
  - TCR/BCR PCR1 products: 140  $\mu$ L AMPure beads.
  - Targeted mRNA PCR1 products: 140  $\mu$ L AMPure beads.
  - Sample Tag PCR1 products: add 280  $\mu$ L AMPure beads.
- 5 Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 6 Place tubes on strip tube magnet for 5 minutes. Remove supernatant.
- 7 Keeping the tube on the magnet, gently add 500  $\mu$ L fresh 80% ethyl alcohol into the tube and incubate for 30 seconds. Remove the supernatant.
- 8 Repeat **step 7** once for a total of two washes.
- 9 Keeping tubes on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard any residual supernatant from the tube.
- 10 Air-dry the beads at room temperature for 3 minutes.
- 11 Remove tubes from the magnet and resuspend the bead pellet in 50  $\mu$ L of Elution Buffer. Pipet-mix until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 12 Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes and briefly centrifuge.
- 13 Place tubes on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually  $\leq$ 30 seconds.
- 14 For each tube, pipet entire eluates (~50  $\mu$ L) into separate new 1.5 mL LoBind<sup>®</sup> tubes separately (purified TCR/BCR, Targeted mRNA, and Sample Tag PCR1 products).

**STOPPING POINT:** Store at 2–8 °C before proceeding within 24 hours or at –25 °C to –15 °C for up to 6 months.

## Performing PCR2 on the TCR/BCR, Targeted mRNA, and Sample Tag PCR1 products

**Note:** TCR/BCR, Targeted mRNA, and Sample Tag products are amplified separately in PCR2.

- 1 In the pre-amplification workspace, pipet reagents into a new 1.5-mL LoBind® tube.

### PCR2 reaction mixes for TCR and BCR

Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
PCR MasterMix	25	30	120	240
TCR/BCR Universal Oligo N2	2	2.4	9.6	19.2
*Mouse TCR N2 primer or Mouse BCR N2 primer	6	7.2	28.8	57.6
Nuclease-free water	12	14.4	57.6	115.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>432</b>

\*PCR2 reaction mixes for TCR and BCR are made separately.

### PCR2 reaction mix for Targeted mRNA

Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
PCR MasterMix	25	30	120	240
Universal Oligo	2	2.4	9.6	19.2
*PCR2 targeted mRNA primer panel	10	12	48	96
Nuclease-free water	8	9.6	38.4	76.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>432</b>

\*From Mouse Immune Response Panel.

### PCR2 reaction mix for Sample Tag

Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
PCR MasterMix	25	30	120	240
Universal Oligo	2	2.4	9.6	19.2
Sample Tag PCR2 Primer	3	3.6	14.4	28.8
Nuclease-free water	15	18	72	144
<b>Total</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>432</b>

- 2 Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and place back on ice.
- 3 Bring the PCR2 mixes into the post-amplification workspace.

- 4 In a new 0.2-mL PCR tube, pipet 5.0  $\mu$ L of purified PCR1 products (from TCR/BCR, Targeted mRNA, and Sample Tag products) into each of the respective 45  $\mu$ L of TCR or BCR, targeted mRNA, and Sample Tag PCR2 reaction mixes.
- 5 Gently vortex and briefly centrifuge.
- 6 Program the thermal cycler as follows.

**PCR2 conditions for TCR and BCR**

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time	
Phase I:	1	95 °C	3 min	Press Option > <b>Auto Delta Starting cycle</b> > "2" Delta > "1 degree" > Done 70–55 °C = 15 °C, hence, each cycle decreases by 1 °C
	15	95 °C	30 s	
		70–55 °C	1 min	
		72 °C	1 min	
Phase II:	8	95 °C	30 s	
		55 °C	1 min	
		72 °C	1 min	
	1	72 °C	5 min	
	1	4 °C	$\infty$	

**PCR2 conditions for Targeted mRNA**

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time
Hot start	1	95 °C	3 min
Denaturation	10	95 °C	30 s
Annealing		60 °C	3 min
Extension		72 °C	1 min
Final extension	1	72 °C	5 min
Hold	1	4 °C	$\infty$

**PCR2 conditions for Sample Tag**

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time
Hot start	1	95 °C	3 min
Denaturation	10	95 °C	30 s
Annealing		66 °C	30 s
Extension		72 °C	1 min
Final extension	1	72 °C	5 min
Hold	1	4 °C	$\infty$

**STOPPING POINT:** The PCR can run overnight.

## Purifying TCR/BCR, Targeted mRNA, and Sample Tag PCR2 products

**Note:** Perform purification in the post-amplification workspace.

- 1 In a new 5.0-mL LoBind® tube, prepare 5 mL fresh 80% (v/v) ethyl alcohol by combining 4 mL absolute ethyl alcohol, molecular biology grade, with 1 mL of nuclease-free water. Vortex the tube for 10 seconds to mix.
 

**Note:** Make fresh 80% ethyl alcohol and use it within 24 hours. The 80% ethyl alcohol volume should be adjusted depending on the number of libraries.
- 2 Bring AMPure XP beads to room temperature and vortex at high speed for 1 minute until beads are fully resuspended.
- 3 Briefly centrifuge the PCR2 products.
- 4 To 50.0 µL PCR2 products, pipet:
  - TCR PCR2 products: 35 µL AMPure beads
  - BCR PCR2 products: 35 µL AMPure beads
  - Targeted mRNA PCR2 products: 40 µL AMPure beads.
  - Sample Tag PCR2 products: 60 µL AMPure beads.
- 5 Pipet-mix 10 times and incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 6 Place the tube on the strip tube magnet for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
- 7 Keeping the tube on the magnet, gently add 200 µL of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol into the tube and incubate for 30 seconds. Discard the supernatant.
- 8 Repeat **step 7** once for a total of two washes.
- 9 Keeping the tube on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard any residual supernatant from the tube.
- 10 Air-dry the beads at room temperature for 1 minute.
- 11 Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the bead pellet in 50 µL of Elution Buffer. Pipet-mix until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 12 Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes and briefly centrifuge.
- 13 Place the tube on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually ≤30 seconds.
- 14 Pipet the entire eluate (~50 µL) into a new 1.5-mL LoBind® tube separately (purified TCR/BCR, Targeted mRNA, and Sample Tag PCR2 products).
 

**STOPPING POINT:** Store at 2–8 °C before proceeding on the same day, or at –25 °C to –15 °C for up to 6 months.
- 15 Estimate the concentration by quantifying 2 µL of the PCR2 products with a Qubit Fluorometer using the Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit. Follow the manufacturer's instructions.

## Performing full length random priming on TCR and BCR PCR2 products

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### Random priming

**Note:** Perform TCR and BCR Random Priming in the post-amplification workspace.

- 1 Dilute an aliquot of the TCR and BCR PCR2 products with nuclease-free water to 1.0 ng/μL.

**Note:** If PCR2 concentration is <1 ng/μL, increase the volume of PCR2 product needed to ensure 5 ng total concentration and decrease the volume of water in the Random Primer Mix accordingly.

- 2 In pre-amplification workspace, pipet reagents into a new 1.5 mL LoBind<sup>®</sup> tube:

**Random Primer Mix**

Component	For 1 library (μL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (μL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (μL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (μL)
TCR/BCR Extension Buffer	5	6	24	48
TCR/BCR Extension Primers	2.5	3	12	24
Nuclease-free water	Up to 34	40.8	163.2	326.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>41.5</b>	<b>49.8</b>	<b>199.2</b>	<b>398.4</b>

- 3 Pipet-mix the Random Primer Mix and keep at room temperature.

**Note:** TCR and BCR random priming are performed separately.

- 4 Perform denaturation and random priming on thermocycler using the following program:

**Program**

Temperature	Time	Cycles
95 °C	5 min	<b>1</b>
37 °C	5 min	
25 °C	15 min	

- 5 Briefly centrifuge the tube and keep at room temperature.

- 6 In pre-amplification workspace, pipet reagents into a new 1.5 mL LoBind<sup>®</sup> tube:

**Primer extension enzyme mix**

Component	For 1 library (μL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (μL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (μL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (μL)
dNTP	2	2.4	9.6	19.2
TCR/BCR Extension Enzyme	1.5	1.8	7.2	14.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>16.8</b>	<b>33.6</b>

- 7 Gently vortex mix, centrifuge, and keep at room temperature.

- 8 Add 3.5 μL Primer Extension Enzyme Mix to Random Priming Reaction tube to bring total volume up to 50 μL. Run the following protocol on a thermocycler for Extension.

**Program**

Temperature	Time	Cycles
25 °C	10 min	1
37 °C	15 min	
45 °C	10 min	
55 °C	10 min	

9 Remove tubes from thermocycler and prepare to purify RPE product.

**Purifying RPE product**

**Note:** Perform purification in the post-amplification workspace.

1 In a new 5.0-mL LoBind® tube, prepare 5 mL fresh 80% (v/v) ethyl alcohol by combining 4 mL absolute ethyl alcohol, molecular biology grade, with 1 mL of nuclease-free water. Vortex the tube for 10 seconds to mix.

**Note:** Make fresh 80% ethyl alcohol and use it within 24 hours. The 80% ethyl alcohol volume should be adjusted depending on the number of libraries.

- 2 Bring AMPure XP beads to room temperature and vortex at high speed for 1 minute until beads are fully resuspended.
- 3 Briefly centrifuge the TCR and BCR RPE products.
- 4 To the TCR and BCR RPE products, add 90 µL AMPure beads.
- 5 Pipet-mix 10 times and incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 6 Place the tube on the strip tube magnet for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
- 7 Keeping the tube on the magnet, gently add 200 µL of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol into the tube and incubate for 30 seconds. Discard the supernatant.
- 8 Repeat **step 7** once for a total of two washes.
- 9 Keeping the tube on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard any residual supernatant from the tube.
- 10 Air-dry the beads at room temperature for 1 minute.
- 11 Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the bead pellet in 50 µL of Elution Buffer. Pipet-mix until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 12 Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes and briefly centrifuge.
- 13 Place the tube on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually ≤30 seconds.
- 14 Pipet the entire eluate (~50 µL) into a new 1.5-mL LoBind® tube separately (purified TCR and BCR RPE products).

**Performing index PCR to prepare final libraries**

This section describes how to generate libraries compatible with the Illumina sequencing platform, by adding full-length Illumina sequencing adapters and indices through PCR.

- 1 In the pre-amplification workspace, pipet reagents into a new 1.5-mL LoBind® tube on ice.

**Index PCR reaction mix for TCR and BCR**

Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
PCR MasterMix	25	30	120	240
Library Forward Primer	2	2.4	9.6	19.2
*Library Reverse Primer 1 - 4	2	2.4	–	–
<b>Total</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>34.8</b>	<b>129.6</b>	<b>259.2</b>
*For more than one library, use different Library Reverse Primers for each library.				

**Index PCR reaction mix for Targeted mRNA and SMK**

Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
PCR MasterMix	25	30	120	240
Library Forward Primer	2	2.4	9.6	19.2
*Library Reverse Primer 1 – 4	2	2.4	–	–
Nuclease-free water	18	21.6	86.4	172.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>56.4</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>432</b>
*For more than one library, use different Library Reverse Primers for each library.				

- 2 Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and place back on ice.
- 3 Bring index PCR mixes to post-amplification workspace.
- 4 In new 0.2 mL PCR tubes,
  - For targeted mRNA library, dilute PCR2 products to 0.5 ng/µL and pipet 3.0 µL into 47.0 µL index PCR mix.
  - For Sample Tag libraries, pipet 3.0 µL of 0.1–1.1 ng/µL Sample Tag PCR2 products into 47.0 µL index PCR mix. See [Conc. Index PCR input for Sample Tag libraries \(ng/µL\) on page 24](#).
  - For TCR and BCR libraries, pipet 21 µL of undiluted of RPE product into 29.0 µL index PCR mix.
- 5 Gently vortex, and briefly centrifuge.
- 6 Program the thermal cycler.

**Index PCR conditions for Targeted mRNA and TCR/BCR**

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time
Hot start	1	95 °C	3 min
Denaturation	10	95 °C	30 s
Annealing		60 °C	30 s
Extension		72 °C	30 s
Final extension	1	72 °C	1 min
Hold	1	4 °C	∞

### Index PCR conditions for Sample Tag

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time
Hot start	1	95 °C	3 min
Denaturation	Refer to the following table. Recommended number of PCR cycles.*	95 °C	30 s
Annealing		60 °C	30 s
Extension		72 °C	30 s
Final extension	1	72 °C	1 min
Hold	1	4 °C	∞

\* Cycle number varies based on the concentration of the Sample Tag PCR2 product.

### Recommended number of PCR cycles for Sample Tag libraries

Conc. Index PCR input for Sample Tag libraries (ng/μL)	Recommended number of PCR cycles
0.5–1.1	6
0.25–0.5	7
0.1–0.25	8

**STOPPING POINT:** The PCR can run overnight.

### Purifying index PCR products

**Note:** Perform the purification in the post-amplification workspace.

- 1 In a new 5.0-mL LoBind® tube, prepare 5 mL fresh 80% (v/v) ethyl alcohol by combining 4 mL absolute ethyl alcohol, molecular biology grade, with 1 mL of nuclease-free water. Vortex the tube for 10 seconds to mix.

**Note:** Make fresh 80% ethyl alcohol, and use it within 24 hours. The 80% ethyl alcohol volume should be adjusted depending on the number of libraries.

- 2 Bring AMPure XP beads to room temperature and vortex at high speed for 1 minute until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 3 Briefly centrifuge all the index PCR products.
- 4 To 50.0 μL of the index PCR products, pipet:
  - Targeted mRNA library: 35 μL AMPure beads.
  - Sample Tag library: 40 μL AMPure beads.

Transfer 40 μL of the TCR and/or BCR index PCR product(s) to a new strip tube(s), pipet 26 μL AMPure beads.

- 5 Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 6 Place tubes on the strip tube magnet for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
- 7 Keeping the tube on the magnet, for each tube, gently add 200 μL of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol into the tube and incubate for 30 seconds. Discard the supernatant.
- 8 Repeat **step 7** for a total of two washes.
- 9 Keeping the tube on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard the residual supernatant from the tube.
- 10 Air-dry the beads at room temperature for 3 minutes.

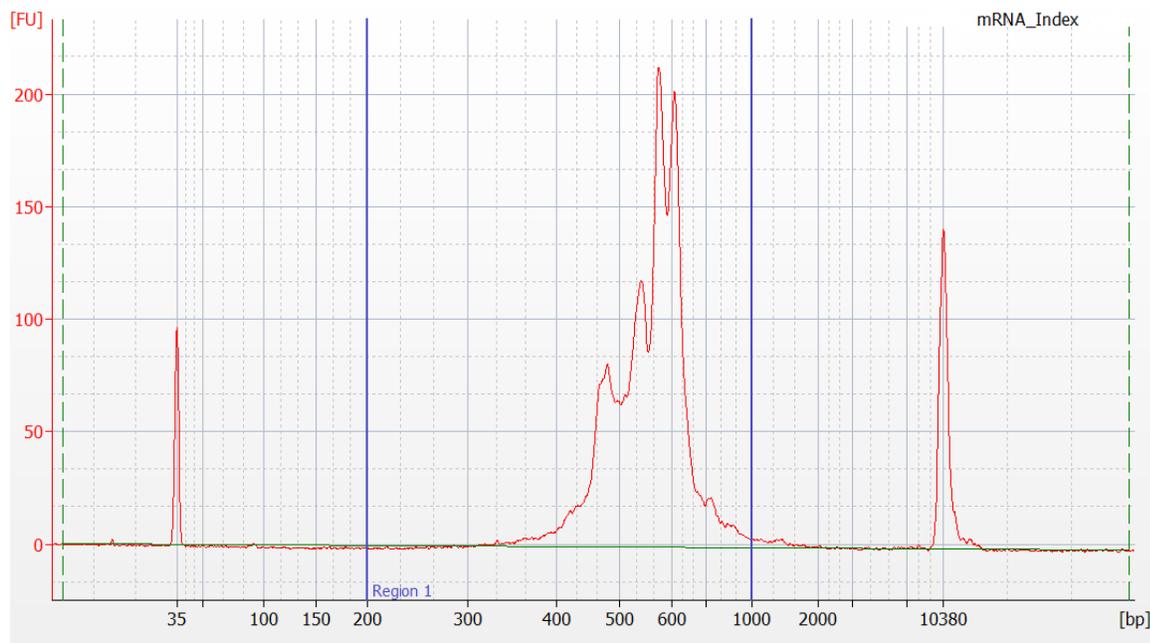
- 11 Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the bead pellet in 50  $\mu\text{L}$  of Elution Buffer. Pipet-mix until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 12 Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes, and briefly centrifuge.
- 13 Place the tube on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually  $\leq 30$  seconds.
- 14 For each tube, pipet the entire eluates ( $\sim 50 \mu\text{L}$ ) into separate new 1.5-mL LoBind<sup>®</sup> tubes (final sequencing libraries).
- 15 Perform quality control before freezing samples. See Performing quality control on the final sequencing libraries.

**STOPPING POINT:** Store at  $-25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  to  $-15 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  for  $\leq 6$  months until sequencing

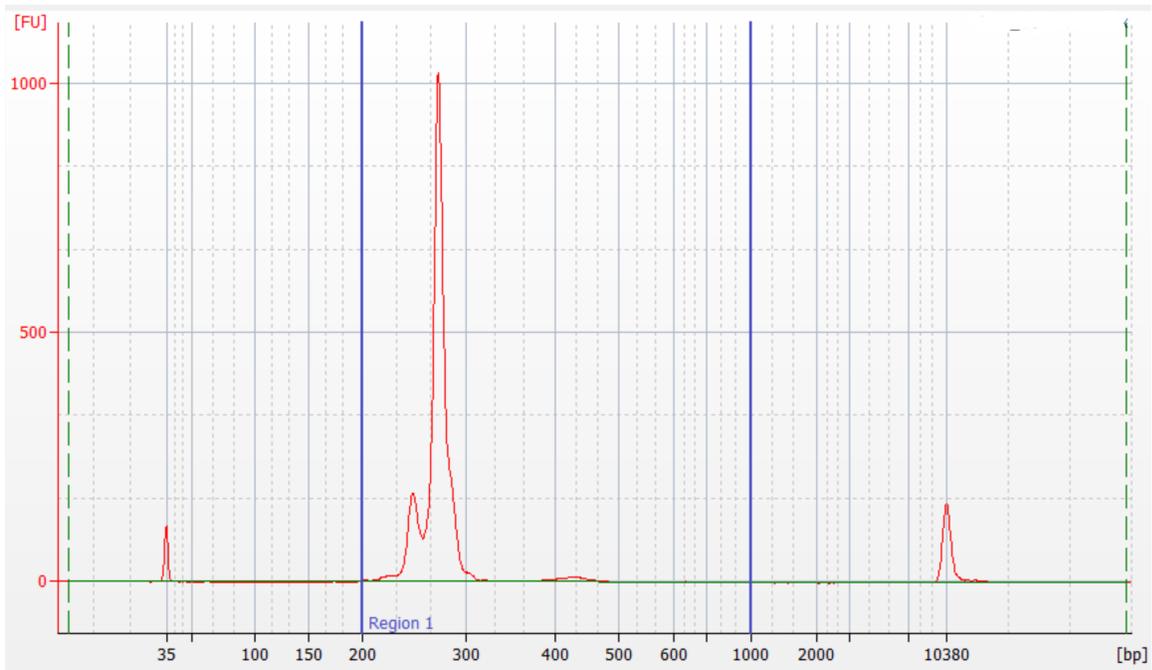
### Performing quality control on the final sequencing libraries

- 1 Estimate the concentration of each sample by quantifying 2  $\mu\text{L}$  of the final sequencing library with a Qubit Fluorometer using the Qubit dsDNA HS Kit to obtain an approximate concentration of PCR products to dilute for quantification on an Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer. Follow the manufacturer's instructions. The expected concentration of the libraries is  $>1.5 \text{ ng}/\mu\text{L}$ .
- 2 Measure the average fragment size of the targeted mRNA library within the size range of 200–1,000 bp by using the Agilent Bioanalyzer with the High Sensitivity Kit for 50–7,000 bp, 5–1,000  $\text{pg}/\mu\text{L}$ . Follow the manufacturer's instructions.

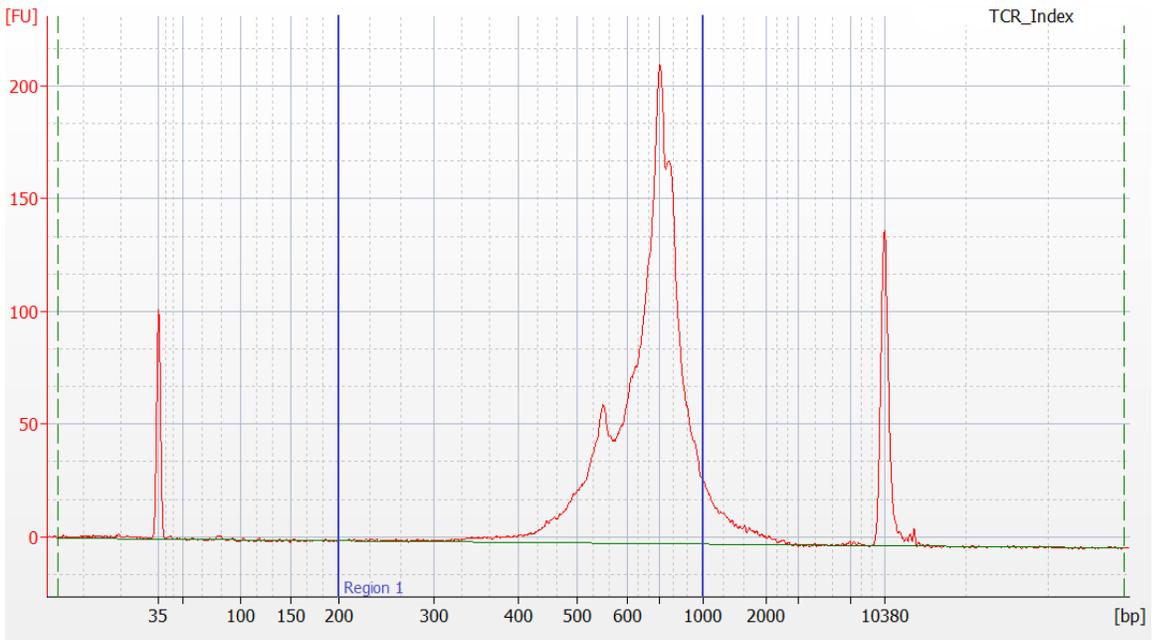
**Figure 1** Sample Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity DNA trace - mRNA Targeted index PCR product



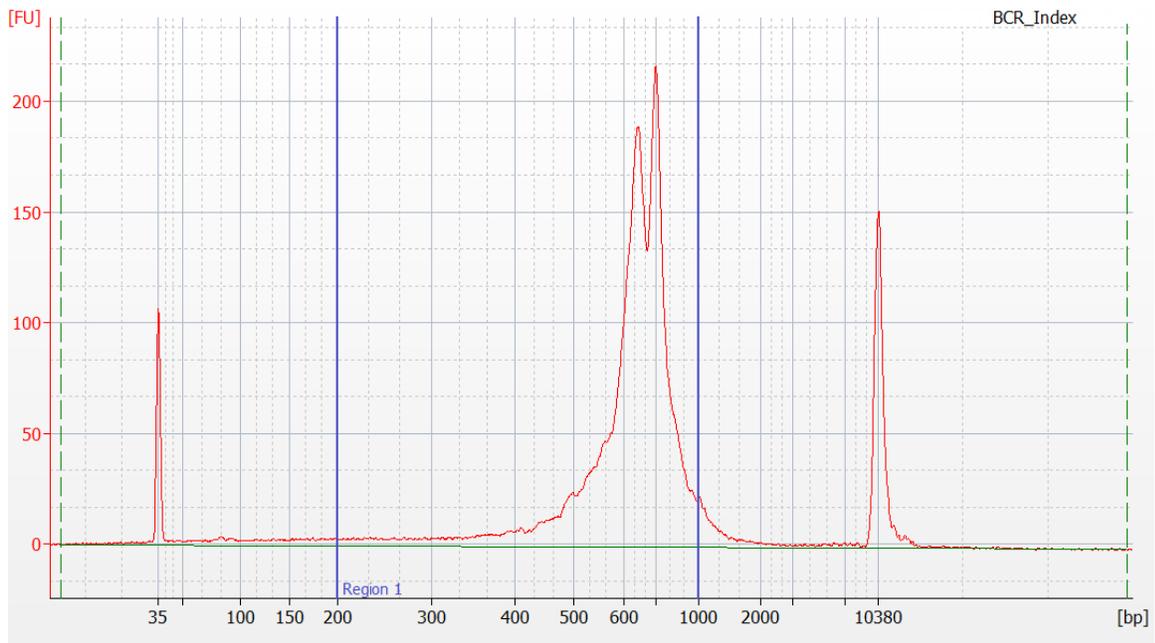
**Figure 2** Sample Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity DNA trace - Sample Tag index PCR product



**Figure 3** Sample Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity DNA trace - TCR index PCR product



**Figure 4** Sample Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity DNA trace - BCR index PCR product



## Sequencing

The sequencing depth for each library is dependent on application. For cell-type clustering, shallow sequencing is sufficient. However, for in-depth analysis, such as comparison across multiple samples, deep sequencing is advised. We recommend meeting the requirement for recursive substitution error correction (RSEC) sequencing depth of  $\geq 6$  to reach the threshold of sequencing saturation where most molecules of the library have been recovered, approximately 80%. The RSEC sequencing depth and sequencing saturation are both reported by the analysis pipeline. The actual sequencing reads/cell required to achieve this depth can vary as it is dependent on the chosen gene panel, number of cells, and sequencing run quality. Below are the recommended reads/cell for targeted mRNA, Sample Tag, TCR, and BCR libraries.

### Read requirements for libraries

Library	Read requirement for data analysis
Targeted mRNA	~2,000-20,000 reads/cell*
Sample Tag: samples from the same type of cell (combining different donor PBMCs)	120 reads/cell
Sample Tag: samples from different types of cells (combining cell lines with PBMCs)	600 reads/cell
TCR	~5,000 reads/T cell
BCR	~5,000 reads/B cell
*2,000 reads/cell can be sufficient for cell-type clustering and classification. For deeply saturated sequencing (RSEC depth >6), use 20,000 reads/cell.	

### Pooling libraries for sequencing

The efficiency of sequencing on Illumina instruments is influenced by many conditions, library size being one of them. The TCR and BCR libraries are ~200 – 300 bp larger than the targeted mRNA library and ~600 bp larger than the Sample Tag library which will cause them to produce less sequencing data if pooled in a 1:1 ratio with the other libraries. To overcome the difference in sequencing efficiency, more DNA of the TCR and BCR libraries needs to be included in the pool than would be expected when calculating ratios based on read depth. The following tables show examples of different pooling strategies and the expected sequencing outcome, with and without correction for the size of the TCR and BCR libraries. Validation data indicates a 3x volume correction factor is needed for sequencing TCR and BCR libraries with targeted mRNA and Sample Tag libraries.

**Important note:** Sample Tag libraries can be sequenced together or separately from targeted mRNA and TCR/BCR libraries. However, sequencing the Sample Tag library separately will likely not be economical due to the small amount of data required for it. Examples of sequencing this library alone are not shown.

### Example of pooling with no correction

In this example, a total of 5,000 enriched T cells were processed as a combination of two samples (two sample tags). These calculations assume the TCR library, and BCR library if included, sequences at 1/3 the efficiency of the targeted mRNA and Sample Tag libraries, supported by internal testing.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Library type	Number of cells	Expected reads/cell	Reads needed	Pooling ratio	Sequencing results	Sequencing results (reads/cell)
Targeted mRNA	5,000	2,000	10,000,000	28%	25,555,556	5,111
TCR	5,000	5,000	25,000,000	70%	8,333,333	1,667
Sample Tag	5,000	120	600,000	2%	1,711,111	342
<b>Total</b>			<b>35,600,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>35,600,000</b>	

After sequencing, the reads/cell for the TCR library (Column G) does not match with and are much lower than the expectation (Column C), because it does not sequence as efficiently as the targeted mRNA nor Sample Tag library. The remaining reads are allotted to the targeted mRNA and Sample Tag libraries resulting in almost three times more reads than required. To obtain the desired number of reads/cell for each library, a correction factor is required for pooling calculations.

### Example of pooling with correction

In this example, the same sample as in the previous one was pooled using a correction factor of 3 for the TCR library to overcome the differences in sequencing efficiency. The amount of data needing to be generated (Column D) is based on the cell number (Column B) and required number of reads per cell (Column C). Based on this example, 35.6 million reads are needed to achieve the appropriate read depths. Changing the pooling ratios by correcting for the lower TCR sequencing efficiency will help ensure the correct amount of data is generated for each library. This modified pooling scheme, however, does not change the total amount of data needing to be generated, 35.6 million reads.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
Library type	Number of cells	Expected reads/cell	Reads needed	Pooling ratio before correction	Correction	Reads needed for pooling	Pooling ratio with correction	Sequencing results	Sequencing results (reads/cell)
Targeted mRNA	5,000	2,000	10,000,000	28%	n/a	10,000,000	12%	10,000,000	2,000
TCR	5,000	5,000	25,000,000	70%	3*	75,000,000	88%	25,000,000	5,000
Sample Tag	5,000	120	600,000	2%	n/a	600,000	1%	600,000	120
<b>Total</b>			<b>35,600,000**</b>	<b>100%</b>		<b>85,600,000†</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>35,600,000</b>	

\*The 3x correction factor is a recommended starting point and some fine tuning may be required to achieve the optimal library balance.

\*\*Total amount of data to be requested from the sequencing facility plus 3% PhiX.

†Read total only for pooling purposes.

After sequencing, the total amount of data generated (Column I) as well as the reads/cell for each library (Column J) are as expected (Columns D and C respectively). The correction for library pooling did not change the amount of data generated (35.6 million reads) but helped ensure the data was spread out appropriately to each library.

## Example of pooling with a mixed population

The table below shows the pooling logic for two samples of purified B and T cells, each stained with a different sample tag.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
Library type	Number of cells	Expected reads/cell	Reads needed	Pooling ratio before correction	Correction	Reads needed for pooling	Pooling ratio with correction	Sequencing results	Sequencing results (reads/cell)
Targeted mRNA	10,000	5,000	50,000,000	47%	n/a	50,000,000	24%	50,000,000	5,000
TCR	7,000	5,000	35,000,000	33%	3*	105,000,000	51%	35,000,000	5,000
BCR	3,000	5,000	15,000,000	14%	3*	45,000,000	22%	15,000,000	5,000
Sample Tag	10,000	600	6,000,000	6%	n/a	6,000,000	3%	6,000,000	600
<b>Total</b>			<b>106,000,000**</b>	<b>100%</b>		<b>206,000,000†</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>106,000,000</b>	
<p>*The 3x correction factor is a recommended starting point and some fine tuning may be required to achieve the optimal library balance.  **Total amount of data to be requested from the sequencing facility plus 3% PhiX.  †Read total only for pooling purposes.</p>									

### Additional considerations

1. The 3x volume correction factor is a recommended starting place for pooling these libraries. This may need to be adjusted to accommodate different types of flow cells (for example, patterned vs non-patterned).
2. It can be easier to achieve the desired sequencing depth when sequencing multiple TCR or BCR libraries alone since all the libraries are the same size. Pooling will not require a correction and will only be dependent on the number of cells and the reads/cell. This scheme, however, would require 10 – 15% PhiX, rather than the 3% when sequencing with the targeted mRNA library.
3. All libraries derived from the same cartridge can be indexed with the same Illumina indices or reverse index primer from the BD Rhapsody™ reagents. The primary analysis pipeline can differentiate the library types (for example, targeted mRNA vs TCR) based on their structure and sequences. Demultiplexing statistics are reported from the pipeline, but should these statistics be desired prior to running the pipeline, then unique indices will be required for each library.

For additional support with pooling and sequencing, please reach out to your local Field Application Specialist (FAS) or [scomix@bdscomix.bd.com](mailto:scomix@bdscomix.bd.com).

## Sequencing flow cell loading and PhiX concentrations

### Quantifying libraries

Calculate the molar concentration of targeted mRNA, Sample Tag, and TCR/BCR libraries from PBMCs or DG-75/Jurkat cells using Qubit quantitation concentration (ng/μL) and average Bioanalyzer size (200 bp - 1000 bp). For TCR and BCR libraries, the expected Qubit concentration should be >1.5 ng/μL. Use the calculated molar concentrations to pool libraries.

### Targeted mRNA, Sample Tag, and TCR/BCR libraries

For a NextSeq High or Mid Output and MiniSeq High or Mid Output runs, load the flow cell at a concentration between 1.4-1.8 pM with 3% PhiX. For other sequencers follow Illumina recommendations for loading concentration and use 3% PhiX.

Set up sequencing run on Illumina® BaseSpace. Enter the pooled libraries as one sample if libraries were made with the same Library Forward primer but with different i7 indices.

### Required parameters

Parameter	Requirement
Platform	Illumina: 300 cycle kit
Paired-end reads	Minimum: 65 x 150* paired read length Suggested: 150 x 150* paired read length
PhiX	Required (3%)
Analysis	See the <i>BD® Single-Cell Multiomics Bioinformatics Handbook</i>
*For optimal assembly, use the sequencing configuration 85 x 215 paired read length.	

## Appendix

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### Illumina Index 1 (i7) sequences

Library Reverse Primer	Sequence
1	GCTACGCT
2	CGAGGCTG
3	AAGAGGCA
4	GTAGAGGA

### Mouse T cell PCR1 primers

Primer name	Primer sequence (5' - 3')
Ms_TRAC_N1	TTTTCGGCACATTGATTTGGGAG
Ms_TRBC_N1	CTCAGGCAGTAGCTATAATTGCT
Ms_TRDC_N1	CAATCTTCTTGGATGATCTGAGACT
Ms_TRGC1-TRGC2_N1	GGAAAGAACTTTCAAGGAGACAAAGG

### Mouse T cell PCR2 primers

Primer name	Primer sequence (5' - 3')
Ms_TRAC_N2	AGGTTCTGGGTCTGGATGT
Ms_TRBC_N2	CAATCTCTGCTTTTGATGGCTC
Ms_TRDC_N2	GTAGAAATCTTTCACCAGACAAGC
Ms_TRGC1-TRGC2_N2	TTGGGGGAAATGTCTGCA
Ms_TRGC4_N2	ATAGTAGGCTTGGGAGAAAAGTCTGA

### Mouse B cell PCR1 primers

Primer name	Primer sequence (5' - 3')
Ms_IGHA_N1	AACTGGCTGCTCATGGTGTA
Ms_IGHD_N1	AAGTGTGGTTGAGGTTCAAGTTCTG
Ms_IGHE_N1	GAAGTTCACAGTGCTCATGTTC
Ms_IGHG1_N1	CAGAGTGTAGAGGTCAGACT
Ms_IGHG2A-IGHG2C_N1	TCGAGGTTACAGTCACTGAG
Ms_IGHG2B_N1	GATCCAGAGTTCCAAGTCACAG
Ms_IGHG3_N1	TACGTTGCAGATGACAGTCT
Ms_IGHM_N1	TGGATGACTTCAGTGTTGTTCTG
Ms_IGKC_N1	TGTAGGTGCTGTCTTTGCTG
Ms_IGLC1_N1	CTGTAAGTCTATGCCTTTCCC
Ms_IGLC2-IGLC3_N1	TTGGTGGGATTTGAAGTGTCC

### Mouse B cell PCR2 primers

Primer name	Primer sequence (5' - 3')
Ms_IGHA_N2	TGTCAGTGGGTAGATGGTGG
Ms_IGHD_N2	CTGACTTCCAATTACTAAACAGCC
Ms_IGHE_N2	TAGAGCTGAGGGTTCCTGATAG
Ms_IGHG1_N2	CAGTGGATAGACAGATGGGGGT
Ms_IGHG2A-IGHG2C_N2	ATGGGGCTGTTGTTTTGG
Ms_IGHG2B_N2	GTGGATAGACTGATGGGGGTGTT
Ms_IGHG3_N2	AGGGAAGTAGCCTTTGACAAG
Ms_IGHM_N2	GACATTTGGGAAGGACTGACTC
Ms_IGKC_N2	AGATGTTAACTGCTCACTGGATG
Ms_IGLC1_N2	GTTAGTCTCGAGCTCTCAGA
Ms_IGLC2-IGLC3_N2	CAGTGTGGCTTTGTTTTCT

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